Wisconsin Court Interpreter Program (CIP) Newsletter

Fall/Winter 2014

CIP News SJI Grant

In 2014, the CIP received a State Justice Institute (SJI) grant through the National Center for State Courts (NCSC) to assess court operations, language usage, attitudes and technology capabilities in Wisconsin courts related to interpreting services. A local working group along with NCSC consultants developed a survey that was completed by 64 out of 72 courts around the state. Consultants analyzed the results of the survey, conducted site visits in Dane, Dodge, Richland, Waukesha, Walworth counties; and wrote a final report that is posted on the court's website. Survey results showed considerable interest in remote interpreting with 52 counties reporting a willingness to expand the delivery of services using technology. Of the 52 counties, 25% had no experience using remote interpreting but were eager to explore, while 75% of the counties already had experience using audio and/or video technology. To read the full report, see http://www.wicourts.gov/serv ices/interpreter/news.htm

Budget Proposals

Every biennium the Supreme Court submits a budget request to the legislature and the governor for their consideration. For 2015-17, the budget includes two interpreter-related proposals. The first request which is supported by the survey findings of the SJI grant proposes establishing a pilot project in three counties in which the state would take over all interpreter scheduling using onsite and remote audio and video interpreting services. The proposal would involve hiring one scheduler and one half-time Spanish interpreter. It would also entail entering into a contract with a sign language agency to provide interpreting services. The pilot counties have yet to be identified; however the ideal county should have useable video conferencing equipment and moderate interpreter use. The second proposal seeks funding for a change in the reimbursement format from hourly to a half-day and fullday formula. Both proposals are awaiting action from the legislature and governor.

Brown Bag Lunches

Several brown bag lunches were held in Madison, Milwaukee and Appleton. These informal gatherings were open to interpreters of all languages. While it was an opportunity to discuss CIP initiatives, it was also an opportunity to hear about concerns from interpreters working in the field. Issues discussed were affordability of continuing education, team interpreting, use of unqualified interpreters, oral exam pass rates, interpreter compensation, and attorneys' misunderstanding of the interpreter's role. These brown bags will continue being offered in 2015.



CE Compliance Period Begins Jan 1

The two-year continuing education (CE) compliance period for certified and other qualified spoken language interpreters listed on the roster will commence on Jan. 1, 2015. Interpreters who

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obtained certification or whose roster activation date falls between Jan. 1, 2004 and Dec. 31, 2014 will be required to report CE credits by April 1, 2017. All forms, including those related to CE can be found here http://www.wicourts.gov/services/interpreter/forms.htm For answers to more questions on CE, see inside story on page 3.

2015 Schedule of Training and Testing

In 2015, the CIP will offer orientation training and written test in two locations instead of three. The 2015 sites will be in Milwaukee (March 21-22) and Wisconsin Rapids (June 20-21). The oral exam will be offered in Madison three times in 2015.

Related Links

National Association of Judiciary Interpreters and Translators (NAJIT) www.najit.org

American Translators Association (ATA) www.atanet.org

Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf (RID) www.rid.org

Midwest Association of Interpreters & Translators (MATI) www.matiata.org

Upper Midwest Translators & Interpreters Association (UMTIA) www.umtia.cloverpad.org

Wisconsin RID www.wisrid.org

InterpretAmerica www.interpretamerica.net

California Federation of Interpreters
www.calinterpreters.org

Cross Cultural Communications www.cultureandlanguage. net

Critical Link www.criticallink.org

European Legal Interpreters & Translators Association www.eulita.eu

Online Interpreter Opportunities

de la Mora Interpreter Training www.interpretertraining.com/index.html

Interpreter Education Online www.site.interpretereduc ationonline.com/

New Mexico Center for Language Access (NMCLA) www.nmcenterforlangua geaccess.org/

Translated Court Forms Available

Due to legislative changes, many of Wisconsin's injunction and TRO court forms that had been translated into Spanish and Hmong were removed from the website for updating. All forms have been completed and are now posted here:

http://www.wicourts.gov/fo rms1/circuit/ccform.jsp?For mName=&FormNumber=& Language=es&beg_date=&e nd_date=&SttuteCite=&For mat=&Category In total, 38 forms are available in Spanish and 13 forms are available in Hmong. New translated documents include court forms used during firearms surrender proceedings.



Website Provides Interpreter Data

A newly launched website provides current

data on the court interpreting profession Developed by Robert Joe Lee, former manager of the Court Interpreter Program for the state of New Jersey, it offers a national database on interpreter compensation established from the results of a national survey conducted in 2013. You can find the link at this site:

http://www.courtinterpret ingresearch.com/

Judge Rules Forcing Court Translators to Take a Polygraph Test is Illegal

A federal judge found that when a translation company forced its employees to take lie-detector tests it violated federal law. U.S. District Judge Jeffrey Miller concluded that Metropolitan Interpreters and Translators, Inc. was liable for requiring 9 translators in San Diego to take what they described as highly invasive polygraph tests in order keep their jobs as contractors with the Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA). The ruling paves the way for a trial in which a jury will determine how much the company will have to pay in damages. The decision, which was issued Oct. 24, comes after the DEA agreed to pay 14 plaintiffs a total of \$500,000 to settle the lawsuit. The contract employees translated Spanish conversations collected during court-authorized wiretapping of the DEA's

criminal suspects.

Metropolitan fired the employees after they failed or refused to take the polygraph tests.



The Employee Polygraph Protection Act of 1988 banned most private employers from polygraphing their workers because of questions about the technique's reliability and after accounts of employer abuses. Before being polygraphed, the translators had already undergone credit checks, screening interviews and criminal background checks. In January 2011, the DEA began demanding the company send its translators to complete lie-detector tests, claiming there had been a "leak" of wiretap information.

As a result, it polygraphed about 100 translators from the company. DEA polygraphers asked the translators very personal about their lives, including about their sexual practices and crimes such as bestiality, court documents said. Twelve of the plaintiffs were told they'd failed their tests and two refused to be polygraphed. The company then told them they weren't permitted to work for the DEA and laid them off. Sources say no translator was found culpable in the leak and none of the 14 who ultimately sued was ever implicated. To read the full story, see here: http://www.mcclatchydc.c om/2014/10/31/245357 forc ing-court-translators-totake.html?rh=1#storylink=c рy

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Meet Jacqueline Jugenheimer: Certified German Interpreter



My love of languages started with my first English class in Germany. I spent a lot of time listening to the accent of the British English speakers on my language records (!) in the late 1970s. In 1982, I participated in an exchange program with a high school in a Chicago suburb and fell in love with America. As a

consequence, I first wanted to become an English and Biology teacher, later a translator and interpreter with a legal focus, and finally a lawyer. I graduated from law school in Germany, where I also studied French and British law and legal language. While in law school, I was an exchange student at a small liberal arts college in Washington State and decided that I wanted to study public policy in the US rather than continue the path to becoming an attorney in Germany after law school. With my public policy degree, I first worked for Wisconsin state government.

After the birth of our first son, I started my own translation and interpreting business. In lieu of a T&I degree, I attended many continuing education sessions both in Germany and the US. Since German is considered a "rare" language for interpretation, it was difficult finding a qualified rater for my written and oral exams on my path to becoming a certified court interpreter in 2007. One of my favorite experiences as a translator was meeting a friend from law school during an interpreting assignment for a political delegation from

Wisconsin's German partner state of Hesse, whom I had not seen in 20 years. My most difficult assignment was interpreting for a victim in an alleged rape case. I enjoy the variety of assignments and topics I deal with on a regular basis. I went to law school instead of becoming a translator and interpreter after high school because I did not want to be "just" a conduit. Little did I know at the time being a translator and interpreter is much more complex and difficult than being a conduit. I am glad I changed my mind on the profession.

MATI Webinar Series

The Midwest Association of Translation and Interpretation (MATI) has announced a new webinar series for 2015 entitled Research & Practice in Legal Interpretation and Translation. The first webinar "Anatomy of a Business *Transaction*" will be presented on Weds., January 21 at 6 pm CST by Hadassah Weiner, PhD. A subsequent webinar entitled "Criminal Terminology" will be offered on March 19 at 6 pm CST by Emily Ortiz Alfonso The cost to register for these events is \$20 for MATI members and \$30 for non-MATI members. For more details and to sign up, see http://www.matiata.org/event-1831972 All MATI webinars have been approved by the CIP for 1 CE credit each.

FAQs on CE

Why is CE being required? Most professions require some form of continuing education to ensure practitioners' knowledge and training within the field is current. Legal interpreting should be no exception. The law changes, as languages do so it is vital for interpreters to be up to date on recent trends in order to better perform their jobs.



Who are preapproved sponsors of CE?
The CIP maintains a list of entities that sponsor activities preapproved for CE credit, e.g. MATI, NAJIT, ATA. An interpreter can be assured an event offered by a listed

sponsor automatically qualifies as CE and requires no preapproval. The list can be found here: http://www.wicourts.gov/services/interpreter/contedu .htm

What if I want to take a class from a sponsor that is not listed?

Complete the CE Approval Request Form (Participant) and submit it to the CIP at least 30 days in advance of the event with the required documentation.

If I host an event can I request it qualify as CE? Sponsors of CE can request approval of an event being offered by submitting the CE Approval Request Form (Provider) to the CIP at least 30 days in advance of the event along with required documentation.

Newsletters, Blogs, & Other Online Pubs

Proteus

competence

www.najit.org/publications/pro teus.php

Newsletter about judiciary interpreters and translators

Intersect: A Newsletter about Language, Culture and Interpreting www.cultureandlanguage.net Newsletter on community interpreting and cultural

The Chronicle
www.atanet.org/chronicle
Published 11 times a year and
is included in annual
membership fees.

The Professional Interpreter http://theprofessionalinterpreter.com/

An online interactive magazine devoted to the professional interpreter

The Interpreter Diaries
www.theinterpreterdiaries.com
Blog that takes readers
through different phases of an
interpreter's life and work

Translation and Interpretation in America www.translationandinterpretationinamerica.blogspot.com.es/
Blog on teaching interpretation and translation in America

Contact:

Court Interpreter Program Office of Court Operations 110 East Main St. #410 Madison, WI 53703 608.266.8635

Carmel A. Capati, Manager carmel.capati@wicourts.gov

2015 Schedule of Testing and Training is now posted.

http://www.wicourts.gov/se rvices/interpreter/certificatio n.htm

Interpreters are encouraged to submit relevant material for the newsletter which will be distributed twice a year in the Spring and Fall.

Members of the Committee to Improve Interpreting and Translation in the WI Courts

Patrick Brummond Hon. John Damon, Chair Fayme Filipiak Debra Gorra-Barash Hon. Barbara Key Hart Hon. Dan Koval Hon. Mike Moran Sheila Reiff Hon. Stephanie Rothstein Comm. Ann Sayles Jacqueline Thachenkary

The committee serves the Director of State Courts office by setting policy and procedural guidance on interpreting and translation issues throughout the Wisconsin court system. Meetings are held in the Spring and the Fall in Madison.

Spring 2015 Meeting

Fri, April 17, 2014 10:00 am-2:30 pm 110 E Main Street Madison WI 53703

Institutions of Higher Learning

Community Interpreting Certificate Program Viterbo University, La Crosse, WI www.viterbo.edu/interpret/

Online Graduate Program in Translation UWM, Milwaukee, WI www4.uwm.edu/letsci/translation/



2015 Calendar of Get-Togethers & Conferences (Big & Small; Near & Far)

Jan 29 | Translations & Translations Open Mic | Lakeside St Coffee House | Madison, WI Mar 22-25 | think! Interpreting 2015/GALA Language of Business Conference | Seville, Spain Apr 24-26 | International Medical Interpreters Association Annual Conference | Washington, DC

May 15-17 | NAJIT Annual Conference | Atlanta, GA

Jun 5-6 | National Council on Interpreting in Health Care Annual Membership Meeting | Minneapolis, MN

Jun 12-14 | InterpretAmerica Summit 5 | Monterey, CA

Aug 8-12 | Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf (RID) | New Orleans, LA

Nov 4-7 | ATA Annual Conference | Miami, FL

Spotlight on Resources

"Interpreters' Anatomy of a Civil Lawsuit" by Ramon M. del Villar (Nov 2013) This bilingual English/Spanish book lays the foundation for steps followed in a traditional civil lawsuit. Readers will learn more about the "terms of art" used in both languages. Understanding the procedural rules that apply to civil litigation will better prepare court interpreters to perform their jobs.

"Police Investigative Interviews and Interpreting: Context,
Challenges and Strategies" by
Sedat Mulayim, Miranda Lai,
and Caroline Norma (Sept
2014) This book explores the
multi-faceted dynamics of
conducting investigative
interviews via interpreters
and examines current
investigative interviewing
paradigms. It offers strategies

to help interpreters and law enforcement officers and provides examples of interpreted interview excerpts to enable understanding.

"The Legal Environment of *Translation"* by Guillermo Cabanellas (Jan 2014) Translation is subject to legal rules that are complex and international. This book offers a broad overview of the legal rules applicable to different aspects of translation. It draws on the provisions of the main legal systems of the world and the relevant international agreements pertaining to this area. The book also examines the legal problems they pose, their practical implications and some possible solutions.

A few FREE ones...

InterpreTIPS is a series of short videos posted every

other week by Marjorie
Bancroft and Katharine
Allen who answer
questions about
interpreting such as "is
consecutaneous mode
acceptable" or "how do
you slow down an out-ofcontrol speaker."
http://www.thecommunityinterpreteips.html

International Bridges to Justice (IBJ) has compiled a downloadable glossary of legal terms in three languages (English-French-Spanish) IBJ is a collaboration of attorneys, academics and business leaders based in Geneva, Switzerland dedicated to protecting legal rights of citizens in developing countries. http://defensewiki.ibj.org/i

http://defensewiki.ibj.org/i mages/b/b4/Glossary_EN_FR_ES.pdf